## STAT 1000

# Basic Statistical Analysis I

## Fall 2009

(All sections except for A01)

# **Calendar Description**

(Formerly 005.100) An introduction to the basic principles of statistics and procedures used for data analysis. Topics to be covered include: gathering data, displaying and summarizing data, examining relationships between variables, sampling distributions, estimation and significance tests, inference for means. *Not to be held with STAT 1001, STAT 2220 (or the former 005.222)*. Prerequisite: Any grade 12 or 40S Mathematics, or equivalent.

# **Teaching Philosophy and Goals**

It is the desire of the Department of Statistics to present this course in a manner that emphasizes and illustrates the statistical analysis arising from "real-world" applications. Whenever possible, we will attempt to bring real-life examples and data into the classroom. Upon completion of this course students can proceed in many directions: to further intensive study of statistics, to one or more additional courses in statistics, to the use of statistical methods in other fields of study, to being a consumer of statistical information in daily life. It is our objective to serve all of these diverse directions.

The course is designed to include basic topics deemed crucial for problem formulation and understanding of the foundations of statistical thinking and reasoning. The concepts of statistical analysis will be stressed. The course will place an emphasis on the development of critical thinking skills.

To aid in the analysis of data, extensive and intelligent use will be made of the computer — with virtually every assignment involving the computer in some fashion. The computer package that has been selected for this course, JMP, is easy to use and is available for use with Macintosh or Windows systems. The package also has many advanced statistical features that you will find useful in subsequent courses.

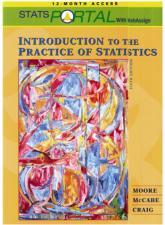
We are interested in feedback from you. If you can think of ways in which this course could be improved, please let us know.

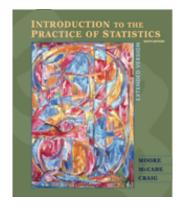
# **Text & Supplementary Material (Required)**

Introduction to the Practice of Statistics (IPS), David S. Moore, George P. McCabe and Bruce A. Craig, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, W.H. Freeman, New York, 2009. There are two options for purchasing the required material:

*Option 1:* (ISBN 1-4292-2532-4) This option includes all required and supplementary materials for this course in electronic form, including the textbook. This may be a good option if you happen to have a copy of the book, or do not wish to have a hard copy, but would like access to the electronic supplements and the JMP software. This option must be asked for at the check-out counters in the bookstore.

This includes the following components: (i) the WebAssign access card (which gives you access to the WebAssign online homework system for one class within a 1-year period), (ii) the StatsPortal access card (which gives you 1-year access to the electronic version of the book, with associated tools such as StatTutor, the *Study Guide*, the JMP *Manual*, and access to the JMP software).





*Option 2:* (ISBN 1-4292-5231-6) This option includes all materials from Option 1 above, plus a hard copy of the textbook and a CD to accompany the book (containing statistical applets, tables, data sets, supplementary material and companion chapters).

Note that JMP software (included in both options above) is required for this course. There are many computers on campus that can be used for running JMP. In particular, the Department of Statistics has a number of Macintosh computers in the Statistics Lab (Room 311 Machray Hall) that you may use and the software is also available on the computers in the "open area" ACN computer labs. More details will be given in class.

### i**-**clickers

Throughout the course, extensive use of the irclicker classroom response system will be made in order to enhance your understanding of the material and promote classroom participation. Note that irclicker participation constitutes a portion of your grade in this course and as such you are required to bring your irclicker to each class.

# **Optional Material**

Multiple-Choice Problems Set for Basic Statistical Analysis I, STAT 1000, Compiled by Dr. Smiley W. Cheng. (2009 Edition) The Department of Statistics, University of Manitoba; Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada (ISBN: 0-5583-0526-1). You should find this "problems set" to be useful when studying for the term test and final exam. It contains term tests and final exams for this course from recent years. It also contains a collection of multiple-choice questions from previous introductory courses in statistics.



### Mark Breakdown

Assignments	15%
i▶clicker Questions / Participation	5%
Term Test	30%
Final Examination	50%

There are no firm cut-offs for grades. However, *subject to the caveat in the paragraph below*, the following are "guarantees" to you:  $A+ (\geq 90)$ ,  $A (\geq 80)$ ,  $B+ (\geq 75)$ ,  $B (\geq 70)$ ,  $C+ (\geq 65)$ ,  $C (\geq 60)$ ,  $D (\geq 50)$ . This means, for example, that if you obtain 80% or more, you will receive no worse than an A.

However, there is an additional requirement for obtaining a C or a D in the course: to obtain a grade of C or better, you must obtain at least 45% on the final examination; to obtain a D you must obtain at least 35% on the final examination.

## **Assignments**

The assignments in this course will be done in WebAssign, an on-line assignment system. There will be 12 weekly assignments. Assignments will be **due at 11:59 p.m.** on the due dates.

It is very important that you complete all 12 assignments. However, only the best 10 of the 12 assignments will be used to determine your Assignment Mark. **Consequently, assignment extensions will not be given.** 

It is important that you do lots of problems on a regular basis. For extra practice you should do questions from the text; the answers to most of the odd-numbered questions are given in the back of the book and many detailed solutions are given in the *Study Guide*.

# i►clicker / Participation

For every i►clicker response, you will be awarded 1 mark. For questions with a correct answer, an additional mark will be awarded for selecting the correct response. Full marks (5/5) will be given if you receive at least 75% of the total possible i►clicker marks. Partial marks (3/5) will be given if you receive between 50% and 75%. No marks (0/5) will be given if you receive less than 50%. You are responsible for bringing your i►clicker to class and ensuring that it has functional batteries.

## **Test and Examination**

The term test will be 1.5 hours in duration and will be held on Saturday, October 31, commencing at 9:30 a.m., as noted in the Aurora Student Online Class Schedule. It will cover the material in Modules I and II. The final examination, to be held during the December examination period, will be 2 hours in duration and will be scheduled by the Student Records Office. It will cover Modules I–V, with emphasis on Modules III, IV & V.

The term test will be all multiple-choice. The final examination will contain both multiple-choice questions and a written component, in an approximate 70:30 ratio. For the test and examination: (i) non-programmable hand-held calculators are permitted (graphing calculators are not permitted), (ii) electronic devices, such as cell phones or headphones, are prohibited, (iii) statistical tables will be provided, if required, (iv) NO formulas will be provided.

## **Videotape Series**

There are two series of videotapes (*Statistics: Decisions Through Data* and *Against all Odds: Inside Statistics*) that are quite closely related to the text. Your instructor may show some of these during the classes. However, two copies of the complete set of the second title are also available for viewing in the Science Library; tapes and headphones may be obtained at the Reserve Desk. Each tape is approximately 26 minutes in length.

#### **Demonstrator Hours**

In the Statistics Lab in Room 311 Machray Hall (which contains a number of computers), graduate students and senior undergraduate students in statistics are available to help you at the following times (from September 14 until December 11):

Mondays, Wednesdays & Thursdays 9:30 a.m.-4:00 p.m.
Tuesdays 9:30 a.m.-7:00 p.m.
Fridays 9:30 a.m.-12:00 noon

## **Voluntary Withdrawal**

Note that the voluntary withdrawal date is November 18, 2009 (by which time you will have received your marks for the test and several assignments).

# **Academic Dishonesty**

It is important that you understand what constitutes academic dishonesty and that you are familiar with the very serious consequences. Links to resources that that describe academic dishonesty (including plagiarism, cheating, inappropriate collaboration and examination impersonation) can be found at:

http://www.umanitoba.ca/faculties/science/student/webdisciplinedocuments.html.

Typical penalties imposed within the Faculty of Science for academic dishonesty are also described. See also:

http://webapps.cc.umanitoba.ca/calendar10/regulations/plagiarism.asp.

#### **Course Content**

The following is a non-exhaustive list of topics. Most of these are covered in the text. The course covers the material in Chapters 1–8. However, some material is omitted: decomposing time series (pp. 19–21), density estimation (p. 71), scatterplot smoothers (pp. 92–93), transforming relationships (pp. 119–121), residual plots (pp. 128–129), data mining (pp. 136–137), §2.5, capture-recapture sampling (pp. 220–221), §4.4, §4.5, the continuity correction (pp. 326–327), the Weibull distributions (pp. 344–346), the bootstrap (p. 368), §6.4, the power of the t-test (pp. 433–435), inference for non-normal populations (pp. 435–440), inference for small samples (pp. 457–460), §7.3, plus-four confidence interval for a single proportion (pp. 491–493), §8.2.

### **Unit 1** Examining Distributions

Types of Variables

• quantitative, categorical, continuous, nominal, ordinal

Displaying Distributions with Graphs

• graphs for categorical variables, stemplots, histograms, examining distributions, dealing with outliers, time plots

**Describing Distributions with Numbers** 

- mean, weighted mean, median, quartiles, percentiles, interquartile range, range, variance and standard deviation
- five-number summary and boxplots
- the  $1.5 \times IQR$  rule for suspected outliers, modified boxplots
- resistant measures
- changing the units of measurement

Introduction to JMP — a Statistical Computer Package

### Unit 2 Density Curves and Normal Distributions

- mean and median of a density curve
- normal distributions
- 68–95–99.7 rule
- standardizing observations (z-scores)
- normal distribution calculations
- use of normal quantile plots

#### **Unit 3** Examining Relationships

Scatterplots, Correlation, Regression

- association, response variable, explanatory variable
- examining scatterplots
- adding categorical variables to scatterplots
- categorical explanatory variables
- correlation, properties of correlation
- least-squares criterion and least-squares regression line
- $\bullet r^2$
- residuals, outliers, influential observations
- cautions about correlation and regression
- association vs. causation, lurking variables
- extrapolation, causation, confounding, establishing causation

## Unit 4 Design of Experiments

- observations vs. experiment
- experimental units, subjects, treatments
- factors, levels
- placebo effect, control group, bias
- randomization, principles of experimental design
- statistical significance
- randomized comparative experiments
- matched pairs design, block design

## Unit 5 Sampling Design

- populations and samples
- voluntary response sample
- simple random sample
- probability sample, stratified random sample, multistage sample
- undercoverage, nonresponse, response bias

Term Test covers material in Modules I and II. The test is on Saturday, **October 31, 2009** from 9:30 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.

#### **Module III** A Bridge to Inference (2.5 weeks)

§3.3, §3.4, Ch. 4 (§4.1–§4.3), Ch. 5

#### Unit 6 Toward Statistical Inference

- sampling distributions
- bias and variability
- sampling from large populations
- why randomize?
- ethics

## Unit 7 Randomness, Probability, Sampling Distributions

- randomness, the language of probability
- probability models, sample space, events
- some probability rules, independence
- discrete and continuous random variables
- normal distributions as probability distributions
- sampling distributions for counts and proportions
- binomial formula
- sampling distribution of a sample mean
- Central Limit Theorem

### **Module IV** Introduction to Statistical Inference (2.5 weeks)

Chapter 6 (§6.1–§6.3)

**Unit 8** Confidence Intervals for a Population Mean ( $\sigma$  known)

- margin of error
- effect of sample size, confidence level, standard deviation
- effect of population size
- assumptions
- choosing the sample size

## Unit 9 Tests of Significance

- hypotheses, test statistic, P-value, statistical significance
- tests for a population mean ( $\sigma$  known)
- two-sided tests and confidence intervals
- use and abuse of tests

## Module V Additional Topics in Inference (2.5 weeks)

§7.1, §7.2, §8.1

**Unit 10** Inference for One or Two Population Means ( $\sigma$  unknown)

- one-sample *t* procedures confidence intervals and tests
- matched pairs t procedures
- two-sample t procedure for independent samples
- robustness of the *t* procedures

Unit 11 Inference for a Population Proportion

- sampling distribution of the sample proportion
- confidence intervals and tests
- choosing the sample size

Final Examination covers material in Modules I–V, with emphasis on Modules III, IV & V.

#### Module VI Transition (0.5 weeks)

#### Unit 12 Wrap-up & Looking Ahead

- warnings (non-random samples and inference, descriptive vs. inferential statistics, practical vs. statistical significance, etc.)
- re-iteration of some of the important ideas
- further courses in statistics, programs in statistics, careers in statistics
- a recently-introduced course in probability (STAT 2400); see below

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#### After STAT 1000

After you have completed STAT 1000, you may want to take further courses in statistics, or possibly become a statistician! So, what courses should you take? Here are the options for your next course:

**STAT 2000 (Basic Statistical Analysis II)** is a continuation of STAT 1000. This course, which is taken by students in many disciplines, covers more advanced statistical methods and leads to further courses in applied statistics. The only requirement to take this course is a grade of C or better in STAT 1000.

**STAT 2400 (Introduction to Probability)** introduces the basic concepts of probability from a rigorous mathematical perspective and provides a solid foundation for further courses in mathematical statistics. The prerequisites for STAT 2400 are a grade of C or better in STAT 1000 and in one of MATH 1700 or MATH 1690.

STAT 2000 and STAT 2400 are required courses for the honours or major program in statistics.

#### 2009–2010 REGISTRATION ADVISORY

*Important Note from the Dean of Science:* 

It is your responsibility to ensure that you are entitled to be registered in this course. This means that you have:

- the appropriate prerequisites, as noted in the calendar description, or have permission from the instructor to waive these prerequisites;
- not previously taken, or are concurrently registered in, this course and another that has been identified as "not to be held with" in the course description. For example, STAT 1000 cannot be held for credit with STAT 2220.

The registration system may have allowed you to register in this course, but it is your responsibility to check. If you are not entitled to be in this course, you will be withdrawn, or the course may not be used in your degree program. There will be no fee adjustment. This is not appealable. Please be sure to read the course description for this and every course in which you are registered.