

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

DATE: October 22, 2009

MIDTERM I

TITLE PAGE

COURSE: MATH 3132

TIME: 60 minutes

EXAMINATION: Engineering Mathematical Analysis 3

EXAMINER: M. Davidson

FAMILY NAME: (Print in ink) _____

GIVEN NAME(S): (Print in ink) _____

STUDENT NUMBER: _____

SIGNATURE: (in ink) _____

(I understand that cheating is a serious offense)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS:

This is a 60 minute exam. **Please show your work clearly.**

No texts, notes, or other aids are permitted.
There are no calculators, cellphones or electronic translators permitted.

This exam has a title page, 6 pages of questions, the last of which contains formulas. Please check that you have all the pages.

The value of each question is indicated in the lefthand margin beside the statement of the question. The total value of all questions is 40 points.

Question	Points	Score
1	6	
2	7	
3	8	
4	9	
5	10	
Total:	40	

Answer all questions on the exam paper in the space provided beneath the question. If you need more room, you may continue your work on the reverse side of the page, but **CLEARLY INDICATE** that your work is continued.

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

DATE: October 22, 2009

MIDTERM I

PAGE: 1 of 6

COURSE: MATH 3132

TIME: 60 minutes

EXAMINATION: Engineering Mathematical Analysis 3

EXAMINER: M. Davidson

- [6] 1. Evaluate the following line integral:

$$\int_C 2x(1 + y + z) \, ds$$

where C is the curve $x = 2t$, $y = t^2$, $z = t^2$ for $0 \leq t \leq 1$.

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

DATE: October 22, 2009

MIDTERM I

PAGE: 2 of 6

COURSE: MATH 3132TIME: 60 minutesEXAMINATION: Engineering Mathematical Analysis 3EXAMINER: M. Davidson

- [3] 2. (a) Show that $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ is independent of path where

$$\vec{F} = (x^2 + yz)\hat{i} + (y^2 + zx)\hat{j} + (z^2 + xy)\hat{k}.$$

- [4] (b) Evaluate $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ where $\vec{F}$ is given in part(a) and C is the curve $x = t^3 - t^2$,
 $y = 1 - 3t + t^2$, $z = (t - 1)^3$, for $0 \leq t \leq 2$.

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

DATE: October 22, 2009

MIDTERM I

PAGE: 3 of 6

COURSE: MATH 3132

TIME: 60 minutes

EXAMINATION: Engineering Mathematical Analysis 3

EXAMINER: M. Davidson

- [8] 3. Evaluate the closed line integral $\oint_C 3xy^2 dx + x^2y dy$ where C is the piecewise smooth curve that consists of the line segments joining $(1, 3)$ to $(4, 3)$; $(4, 3)$ to $(4, 1)$; $(4, 1)$ to $(1, 1)$ and $(1, 1)$ to $(1, 3)$.

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

DATE: October 22, 2009

MIDTERM I

PAGE: 4 of 6

COURSE: MATH 3132

TIME: 60 minutes

EXAMINATION: Engineering Mathematical Analysis 3

EXAMINER: M. Davidson

- [9] 4. Evaluate the surface integral $\iint_S z \, dS$ where S is the part of the plane $z = x + y + 3$ that lies inside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

DATE: October 22, 2009

MIDTERM I

PAGE: 5 of 6

COURSE: MATH 3132

TIME: 60 minutes

EXAMINATION: Engineering Mathematical Analysis 3

EXAMINER: M. Davidson

- [10] 5. Evaluate the closed surface integral $\oiint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} \, dS$ where

$$\vec{F} = (x^3 + y \sin z)\hat{i} + (y^3 + z \sin x)\hat{j} + 3z\hat{k}$$

and $\hat{n}$ is the outward unit normal to the closed surface of the solid cylinder $x^2 + y^2 \leq 4$ between $z = 1$ and $z = 3$.

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

DATE: October 22, 2009

MIDTERM I

PAGE: 6 of 6

COURSE: MATH 3132

TIME: 60 minutes

EXAMINATION: Engineering Mathematical Analysis 3

EXAMINER: M. Davidson

Some formulas :

Green's Theorem:

$$\oint_C P \, dx + Q \, dy = \iint_R \left(\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} \right) dA$$

Divergence Theorem:

$$\oiint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} \, dS = \iiint_V \nabla \cdot \vec{F} \, dV$$

